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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/773,943	01/31/2001	Ronald Jacoby	17887-004600US	9158	
20350	7590 10/21/2004		EXAMINER		
TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP			CARLSON, J	CARLSON, JEFFREY D	
	TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER EIGHTH FLOOR SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3622		

DATE MAILED: 10/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/773,943	JACOBY ET AL.	\mathcal{G}			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_			
	Jeffrey D. Carlson	3622				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replet fix NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 J	<u>une 2004</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ Thi	s action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			` '			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea	ts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on Noed in this National \$	Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	a.				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ate	-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to the paper(s) filed 6/28/04.

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because it contains an embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. Applicant is required to delete the embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. Even though applicant has deleted the "http:" prefixes, the remaining code is likely to be rendered as links by a web browser loading the specification from the USPTO website. The USPTO will not allow links to external sites. See MPEP § 608.01. Applicant could specify the arguments without a domain name or could make new figures from the content of the links. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reilly et al (US5740549) in view of Leighton et al (US6665726).

Regarding claims 1, 6, Reilly et al teaches sending news content as well as targeted ads to a client computer. The client displays a window having a content area

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and ad area [fig 10]. An ad server uses the profile of the client user to determine the types of news content and ad content to deliver to the client display. The client stores the content in a local queue which is taken to act as a playlist [6:46-57]. Reilly et al. does not specify the type of viewing program (data viewer), but rather its functionality. The data viewer [fig 10, 13:28-67] has different areas – one for news content and one for related ads. Reilly et al does not state whether the ad viewer is built with HTML as a webpage, but it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have used any well known programming techniques to provide such an interactive content and ad viewer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have provided such a client applet using HTML frames and scripts to provide the content window and ad media player as a matter of design choice. Rendering the HTML-based data viewer inherently provides at least temporarily storing and using the parameters of the frame set. Reilly et al teaches that the ads and news content are stored in a local queue and they are played simultaneously or sequentially through the use of display scripts [11:30-63]. This is taken to provide a playlist. Reilly et al teaches the display of news and ads for a sequence of information categories in a sequence of time slots. News stories and ads are each associated with a category and are (simultaneously or sequentially) shown during that category's time slot. Then subsequent a subsequent category's time slot is rendered using its (simultaneous or sequential) news and ad content. This provides an indication for when the ads should be played in relation to the non-ad content (before, during or after). Reilly et al also teaches that in some cases, full content may not be stored locally [13:48-60] and it

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would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have merely stored a playlist of links to content and ads on the ad server so that the content need not be stored locally and can be played from the ad server via the ad player upon request. In this manner, the client need not store content which the user may not require viewing. Reilly et al does not however teach streaming of such remote content. Leighton et al teaches the concept of streaming Internet content whereby the user's browser is capable of rendering the beginning of the content as the content is still being downloaded [3:22-37]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have enabled such streaming of the ads and news content of Reilly et al in a streaming manner so that users do not have to wait for the entire files to be downloaded before they can be viewed, thus eliminating waiting time.

Regarding claim 2, 3, Reilly et al teaches that the ads are related to the content being other being viewed [13:61-65].

Regarding claim 4, Reilly et al teaches that statistics are kept regarding which ads have been displayed [9:18-30].

Regarding claim 5, Reilly et al teaches that the displayed ads may include embedded URL/links to the advertiser's webpage where more information can be seen about a particular product.

Response to Arguments

Applicant argues that Reilly et al stores the content locally and does not teach streaming content from a remote source. Reilly et al however teaches the idea of

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remote storage as well as indication of when to render sequential categories each having their own (simultaneous or sequential) ad and news content. Leighton et al is used to teach streaming of a remote file in order to render the content more quickly rather that waiting for the entire download to conclude.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey D. Carlson whose telephone number is 703-308-

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3402. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30-6p, (off on alternate Fridays).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Stamber can be reached on 703-305-8469. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeffrey D. Carlson Primary Examiner Art Unit 3622

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